SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

Plaintiff-Respondent,

CR 72787

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KEVIN COOPER,

Supreme Court

Defendant-Appellant.

APPEAL FROM THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SAN DIEGO COUNTY
HONORABLE RICHARD C. GARNER, JUDGE PRESIDING
REPORTERS' TRANSCRIPT ON APPEAL

APPEARANCES:

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IN PROPRIA PERSONA

VOLUME 62 1 volumes.
Pages 6514 to 6608, incl.

JILL D. MC KIMMEY, C.S.R., C-2314 and BRIAN V. RATEKIN, C.S.R., C-3715 Official Reporters

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1	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA								
2	FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO								
3	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,	·))							
5	Plaintiff,) }							
6	vs.) NO. OCR-9319							
7	KEVIN COOPER,) VOLUME 62							
-	Defendant.))							
8									
9	REPORTERS' DAILY TRANSCRIPT								
10	BEFORE HONORABLE RICHARD C. GARNER, JUDGE								
11	DEPARTMENT 3 - ONTARIO, CALIFORNIA								
12		September 4, 1984							
13	Tuesuay,								
,14	APPEARANCES:								
15	For the People:	DENNIS KOTTMEIER District Attorney							
16		DENNIS KOTTMEIER							
17		District Attorney By: JOHN P. KOCHIS							
18		Deputy District Attorney							
19	For the Defendant:	DAVID McKENNA Public Defender							
20		By: DAVID NEGUS Deputy Public Defender							
21		sopue, cases e							
22									
23	Reported by:	JILL D. McKIMMEY Official Reporter							
24		C.S.R. No. 2314 and							
25		BRIAN RATEKIN Official Reporter							
26		C.S.R. No. 3715							

1	<u>I</u> <u>N</u> <u>D</u> <u>E</u> <u>X</u>
2	<u>WITNESSES</u> <u>PAGE</u>
3	HOWELL, Mary A.
4	Direct Examination by Mr. Negus 6538 Cross-Examination by Mr. Kottmeier 6553
5	Redirect Examination by Mr. Negus 6556
6	FORBES, Lorna
7	Direct Examination by Mr. Negus 6564 Cross-Examination by Mr. Kottmeier 6572
8	Redirect Examination by Mr. Negus 6588 Recross-Framination by Mr. Kottmeier 6601
9	Further Redirect Examination by Mr. Negus 6604
10	Examination by the Court
11	
12	
13	
14	5
15	o0o
16	
17	
18 19	·
20	
21	
22	
23	·
24	
25	
26	
	•

Volume 62 SUBJECT INDEX Tuesday, September 4, 1984

into any first the second seco
6514 - Chambers discussion
HOWELL
DIRECT by Mr. Negus
6538 - Communication with Joshua. June 5 and 6
6539 - When Joshua first described the attacker
6541 - O'Campo's interview
6542 - Joshua's longer narrative
after 9-23
6546 - The time Joshua first described
the attacker
Joshua's residence from '83 to
now, witness' contacts with him,
trips to English Road,
description of victim locations
6549 - Joshua's not seeing an attacker:
darkness of the room, compared
to when he described the attacker
later
Joshua's exposure to the media during
the prelim, in May
6550 - Joshua's feelings toward Coccer
examined
Purpose of treatment by Dr. Forbes,
possibility of his testifying
6552 - Joshua's contact with sheriff's
department in '83 and '84
6553 - Joshua's attitude on testifying
examined
CROSS by Mr. Kottmeier
Who initiated the idea to prepare
Joshua to testify
6555 - Sequence of events
Joshua's lack on indication of
more than one attacker
REDIRECT by Mr. Negus
6556 - Witness' reason for not wanting
Joshua to testify
6557 - Discussion between Court and counsel
FORBES
DIRECT by Mr. Negus
December, '83 interview: descrip-

tion of attacker, psychological

reasons leading to fabrication,

influences leading to his

description

6570 - Probabilties of fabricating the description 6521 - Reasons for detriment in testifying, inci dent of resistence to questioning in her office by Joshua CROSS by Mr. Kottmeier 6572 - Joshua's resistence: possibility of shor attention span examined Source of witness' knowledge of Joshua' previous statement of no attackers 6574 - His consistent statement and description of one attcker υ579 - Basis of her opinion the bushy hair description of question able > Other descriptions of the crime scene by Joshua examined as to truthfulness 6587 - Her understanding of the request of her by both attorneys re Joshua 6588 - Other factors hindering Joshua's testify ing questioned

REDIRECT by Mr. Negus 6589 - Conditions that would

indicate a fabrication examined

6593 - Conditions that would to a fabrication: quilt, accuracy of first recollections over later ones in traumatized children methodical descriptions vs. later interview with Forbe with blocking, recollection blurred with subsequent event

Volume 62
SUBJECT INDEX
Tuesday, September 4, 1984
Page 2

RECROSS by Mr. Kottmeier
6600 - Methodical description:
evidence of blocking at
hospital interview

6602 - Joshua's remembrance of facts by his observation

6602 - His honesty

FURTHER REDIRECT by Mr. Negus

Honesty and fabrication examined

H-2 identified

FURTHER RECROSS by Mr. Kottmeier

H-2 compared with other Loma Linda notes

EXAMINATION by the Court 6605 - Joshua's observances of the attacker FURTHER RECROSS EXAMINATION by Mr. Kottmeier 6606 - Joshua's observance of the victims

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ONTARIO, CALIFORNIA; TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1984; 9:35 A.M.
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                                   HON. RICHARD C. GARNER, JUDGE
     DEPARTMENT NO. 3
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     APPEARANCES:
3
             The Defendant with his Counsel, DAVID
4
             NEGUS, Deputy Public Defender of San
5
             Bernardino County; DENNIS KOTTMEIR,
6
             District Attorney of San Bernardino
7
             County, JOHN P. KOCHIS, Deputy District
8
             Attorney of San Bernardino County,
             representing the People of the State
10
             of California.
11
             (Jill D. McKimmey, C.S.R., Official Reporter, C-2314,
12
             Brian Ratekin, C.S.R., Official Reporter, C-3715)
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             (Whereupon, the following proceedings were
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             had in chambers:)
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             THE COURT: The gang's all here. You don't look a
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                             It's been several weeks.
     day older. All right.
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             For the record, Mr. Cooper's present, Mr. Negus,
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     Mr. Kochis, Mr. Kottmeier, Detective Arthur and Mr. Forbush.
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             Motion?
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             MR. NEGUS: As I indicated --
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             THE COURT: We are in chambers now.
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             MR. NEGUS: As I indicated earlier on the record in
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     open court, I was going to close the hearing with respect
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     to the motions with respect to Joshua Ryen because all of
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the testimony which we will be adducing in court will cover matters which have been previously ordered -- all testimony has been ordered in closed court and has been sealed because of a Superior Court order in the guardianship of Joshua Ryen for the protection of Joshua.

I would also be making the motion on the grounds that it's also in addition to necessary for the protection of Joshua Ryen to have the hearing closed, given the timing of the motion and the imminence of jury selection, necessary in order to preserve a fair trial for Mr. Cooper, and I served the Court with a written declaration in support of that and points and authorities and documentation showing the — the agreements of all the parties to the guardianship.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Your Honor, at least at this time there's no media representative in the court. There are three outside people, one of which is Mary Hughes, and I don't recognize the other two ladies that are apparently friends of hers, and it may be that no media will be here today.

MR. NEGUS: The district attorney signed an agreement at one point in time to join in my -- in my -- in closing these to the public at the request of the attorneys for Mrs. Howell.

THE COURT: We had talked about a motion to be forthcoming before. I don't believe it has ever previously been made formally. I have received, read and considered

this morning a document with attachments entitled, quote, Motion for Closed Hearing, semicolon, Declaration from Mr. Negus, and I have read that which has as exhibits various letters and agreements made with the district attorney and the public defender with the civil attorneys involved in the guardianship proceeding.

Are the People taking a position with reference to the motion at all?

MR. KOTTMEIER: I didn't mean by what I said to indicate that we oppose the closing of the motion. It just seems to me that we may not even have to face a ruling on the issue if nobody's here.

MR. NEGUS: If -- I think once you leave it open, you can't just close it when the press walks in, and Mr. Lundahl from The Sun apparently figured out that -- from I don't know what his -- how he figured it out. Maybe it was something we said in court earlier when Mr. Coronado was here, but he was asking me and I was denying, but I think he didn't believe my denials that we were going to do this this week.

THE COURT: You've got a point, Mr. Kottmeier. As soon as there's a formal order, it's like waving a red flag. I suspect you're implying.

MR. KOTTMEIER: It's just that whenever the press is told that something secret went on or they hear that from somewhere, they think that they've got to find out

what happened. I went through that the last time that we had the ruling on the <u>Hitch</u> motion, and all of the 20 questions that I'm sure myself and Mr. Negus, as well as your court clerk, had to go through from Press Enterprise.

THE COURT: Are you suggesting an alternative?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Well, not necessarily, because I

think Mr. Negus may be right. To wait until the press shows

up and then say, well, maybe we'd better go back into

chambers and evaluate the situation could be just as bad

an alternative as ruling on the motion now.

THE COURT: I'm trying to nail you to the wall here in a sense. Are you ready to join in the motion and the district attorney move as well to have the hearing closed?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Accepted. That is at least your motion. In anticipation and preparation for this last week, I prepared something in case I got pinned to the wall by the press. Look at it, and I think that perhaps should be filed for the record, maybe even embellished upon. I can see myself the efficacy of closing the hearing, and I believe I'm prepared to do so.

MR. NEGUS: The one thing I'd like to have added, if this does get released to the press, is that it -- that the order closing the hearing -- is this to be released to the public?

THE COURT: Well, I wrote it in such a fashion that

it could be released in case the press shows up and wonders what we're doing.

MR. NEGUS: The one thing I would then request that be --

THE COURT: I'm not going to seek them out and mail it to people.

MR. NEGUS: I understand. I'm fully in support of that posture, but if it's possible that this will appear on the record in open court, I think that the one last thing that we should add is that the request to close the hearing was made pursuant to the request of all three parties, all three attorneys for the guardianship.

THE COURT: I don't know how that adds anything to -MR. NEGUS: Well, I think it -- I think it -- it -THE COURT: They've got no standing really in this
trial.

MR. NEGUS: I think they do.

THE COURT: They may have bound you in some manner, but they've got no standing here.

MR. NEGUS: I think they do because they represent the victim, and victims have rights to close hearings just like defendants do, and I think that that legally is a strong position.

(No omissions.)

THE COURT: Are you able or authorized to represent the position of the guardian?

MR. NEGUS: I'm not only -- I'm not only -- not only authorized to, but Mr. and -- Kochis and I promised, if you can look at the letter of July 17th, that we would do that.

THE COURT: Is that in consideration?

MR. NEGUS: Yeah. It was in consideration of having the documents released to us. We promised that we would make the motion on their behalf in order to save them the money of sending in their three attorneys to do it.

THE COURT: What would you add to my written statement?

MR. NEGUS: Just getting "Attorneys for all parties in the guardianship of Joshua Ryen have also requested that this hearing be closed to the public" right after it says "Prosecution has joined."

THE COURT: They were concerned with the protection of Josh Ryen?

MR. NEGUS: They're concerned, I believe, with a variety of things concerning the protection of Joshua. A lot of the material that we have been dealt -- given about Joshua is not the sort of thing that I'm sure that they would want to become public, because Joshua might be adversely affected if he learned it. They were also worried, I believe, about the publicity creating some sort of physical danger for him.

MR. KOTTMEIER: There were considerations -THE COURT: All right.

MR. KOTTMEIER: -- also, Your Honor, in regard to the fact that psychologists and psychiatrists testified in the guardian hearing, and there may be some privilege potential. And I think that they wanted to at least maintain the right to claim that privilege at some point in time without jeopardizing it by having granted us discovery to evaluate potential testimony.

THE COURT: All right. I'll have my secretary retype this and insert it right after the word "consideration," "the Prosecution has joined in the motion also for the same consideration." I'll insert it there. And, if needed, an explanation for the press, I would give it to them. But I won't volunteer it.

All right. It appears to me to be a well-founded motion and necessary to preserve the proper administration of the -- this case and also to protect the right of the defendant for a fair trial. I'll order the document as amended to be filed but to be preserved sealed until ordered by the Court to be released.

The motion for closed hearing filed by Mr. Negus will likewise be ordered to be sealed.

Before we resume in open court, a couple of points in my research that I'd like to mention to you to see if you're basically in agreement. This would be, according to

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Mr. Jefferson, an Evidence Code Section 405 concerning the
   competency of a witness, which is to be determined by the
    Court as opposed to the Court making a preliminary determination
   and the jury ultimately determining it. And the burden of
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   proof is by preponderance of the evidence, the burden of proof
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   is upon the objecting party, in this case, apparently, the
   Defense.
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            MR. NEGUS: Well, one -- one amendment.
                                                      The basic,
   I believe, and maybe I misstated, but I believe what I said
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   earlier that I was basing the question -- the objection on
   was not the competency in the sense of being able to tell
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   right from wrong but personal knowledge, which is the
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   Jefferson --
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            THE COURT: Well, personal knowledge is different.
            MR. NEGUS: Right, I know.
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            THE COURT: Personal knowledge is the 403 Motion.
   And --
            MR. NEGUS:
                        That's --
            THE COURT: -- that is a different subject matter
   entirely.
            MR. NEGUS: I tend to agree.
            THE COURT: I wasn't aware that you were basing it
   upon personal knowledge. I thought you were, when you get
   into psychiatrists and stuff, you're talking about his capacity,
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MR. NEGUS: If the Court would look at Jefferson,

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I would think.

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Section 26.3, and the --
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             THE COURT: 26.3?
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             MR. NEGUS: 26.3 and the case cited therein,
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    People vs. St. Andrew, 101 Cal. App. 3d 450 --
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             THE COURT: Just a minute.
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             Well, I thank you for the clarification.
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    under a misapprehension. I'll read that -- read that during
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    the recess.
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             Is that the extent of your -- your -- your point --
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    your objection, based upon personal knowledge?
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             MR. NEGUS: Yes. I mean, I -- I'm not making a
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    competency objection as to Joshua at this time.
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             THE COURT: How can a psychiatrist testify as to
    whether or not he has in fact personal knowledge of certain
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    events?
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             MR. NEGUS: Well, according to the St. Andrews case,
    if he is deprived of the ability to perceive the event or
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   deprived of the ability to recollect and communicate with
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   reference thereto, then he lacks personal knowledge.
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             THE COURT: Where is that case cited?
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            MR. NEGUS: If you have, in Jefferson, there, it's
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   the last case, I think, under the examples.
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            THE COURT: Well, I have it here. I'll find it
   eventually. It doesn't jump out at me.
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            MR. NEGUS: 26.3 isn't a very long thing. It -- I
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think it's the -- there's -- they have these --

THE COURT: It is rather long.

MR. NEGUS: -- he has the little -- he has those little squibs at the end.

THE COURT: Which case are you talking about?

MR. NEGUS: People vs. St. Andrew. I think it's

No. 5 on the --

THE COURT: I see here now. It's a 1980 case at 101 Cal. App. 3d 450.

Can we go ahead and proceed in my ignorance at the moment as to what that case stands for, and I'll read it during the recess.

MR. NEGUS: Yes. I mean, that's my -- that is my request. I have Dr. Howell out here to testify. She is the only one I have available today. And I would like to get her on and get finished with her testimony before noon, if I could, so she can go back to work.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Your Honor, we will be requesting an offer of proof from the Defense, because all of the information that we have evaluated or seen indicates Josh Ryen has a recollection and personal — personal knowledge that he can communicate. And I don't believe that there's anything to the contrary that could be offered through the testimony of Dr. Howell or Lorna Forbes, the other witness that the Defense is prepared to offer on this particular motion.

THE COURT: Mr. Negus?

MR. NEGUS: Well, I -- I think that -- that it's to the contrary. I think they can show that -- that Joshua has made prior statements that he didn't see anything and then subsequently he made statements that he did. And I think that is something that has to be evaluated in determining whether he has personal knowledge of certain events.

THE COURT: Now, when we get into personal knowledge, we get into that area where the Judge will make a preliminary determination as to whether or not sufficient -- in effect a prima facie case is made for competency or his -- or his personal knowledge. Ultimately the jurors would have to determine credibility in the usual manner.

MR. NEGUS: True.

THE COURT: But I would think that in personal knowledge it would take less from the proponent of the evidence, the District Attorney, perhaps, than -- than it would be for capacity, because there the Judge has to make it and actually weigh it --

MR. NEGUS: Well, he has the burden of proof, that is, the Prosecutors as a pair have the burden of proof to show that Joshua has personal knowledge, about his vision of the events, because -- I'm asking to take a witness out of order at this point in time because she's here. And I would like to have her released back as soon as I can, sort of in rebutting this.

THE COURT: You --

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MR. KOTTMEIER: Your Honor, let's -- maybe I can aid the Court or not. In looking at the situation from the bare minimum of what potentially Josh Ryen could offer, let's assume that he can testify to nothing other than he and Chris Hughes going to bed the night that the killing occurred. That material will tell us where Josh and Chris Hughes were at the point in time when Josh no longer had contact. Assume further that Josh will testify the last thing that he heard or saw that he can remember about that night was a scream from his mother sometime in the middle of the night. That would be relevant evidence that the Court should admit in and sufficient personal knowledge with the case to make Josh a viable witness. And that's not even getting up to the area that Mr. Negus wants to discuss.

MR. NEGUS: Well --

MR. KOTTMEIER: Your Honor, if he heard nothing or could say nothing other than, "Chris and I were sleeping in our sleeping bags in my bedroom, I heard my mom scream, the next morning I saw Mr. Hughes at the sliding glass door," that would qualify him as a witness in this case.

MR. NEGUS: But --

THE COURT: So if your purpose is to exclude him from the witness stand, period, say he's incompetent on all matters relevant to this case, that's one thing. If you're -- if you have in mind, Mr. Negus, at some point, perhaps, as to the point that he's incompetent with reference to who the


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attackers were or anything about the attackers, that might
    be another.
              (No omissions.)
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MR. NEGUS: I understand. The -- but in order to reach the issues, I think that the first issue we have to -to determine is what he has personal knowledge of. After that issue is resolved, then the relevance, 352 value, probative value of the other -- of what he does have personal knowledge of can then be weighed, and that's another step along the line.

THE COURT: I'm not privy to the thinking of counsel, but as I understood it, when we met before and hit this subject obliquely, you were talking about not calling Joshua Ryen:

> MR. NEGUS: I'm not. They are.

THE COURT: How else can I determine the preliminary fact of what he might have -- to answer the question you just posed, without the testimony of Joshua Ryen out of the presence of the jury?

MR. NEGUS: I'm perfectly prepared from my point of view to go ahead and present evidence -- the evidence that I think is relevant without the testimony of Joshua Ryen, and from my point of view, I believe I can present relevant evidence on the issue of personal knowledge without Josh. The prosecution said they didn't want Josh. I don't worry about what their decision process is.

THE COURT: When we're talking about capacity to understand and relate --

MR. NEGUS: That's not what we're talking about --

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THE COURT: -- and to recognize the truth, then you have the burden, Mr. Negus. On personal knowledge, I hadn't read the sections too much on personal knowledge. I'm not sure who has the initial burden of moving forward with the evidence or proof.

Any comment, Mr. Kottmeier?

MR. KOTTMEIER: I think that the Court has the ability to ask any proponent of a witness for an offer of proof, and that the offer of proof is a sufficient foundation to at least put the facts that we anticipate offering before the Court, and I do not think that it's necessary to call the witness unless there's some contravening evidence that suggests that our offer of proof is totally inaccurate or fails to meet the standards of reliability based upon our statement.

THE COURT: Well, now, wait a minute. As far -- you know, you're trying to convince the Judge now, and I have received considerable evidence on this point already, which I think I can legitimately consider at this point.

MR. NEGUS: I'm perfectly willing to stipulate that all the testimony that we had at the <u>Hitch</u> motion on the issue of Joshua Ryen, which would be the testimony of Dr. Hoyle, Mr. Gamundoy, Mr. Fisher, Mrs. Headley, Mr. O'Campo and Mr. Sharp, I hope -- and Mr. Simo and Mr. Jackson -- I have a list somewhere, but I'm just doing it -- I think those are the ones that can be considered as

part of this motion.

THE COURT: So stipulate?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Yes, Your Honor.

MR. NEGUS: I also --

THE COURT: Accepted.

MR. NEGUS: -- am willing to help the district attorney out to stipulate that -- or I was going to actually bring in Dr. Forbes, hopefully, if I can ever get a hold of her, to substantiate that the last interview, at least that I know about, and I presume therefore the last interview that the prosecution knows about, with Joshua Ryen about the circumstances of the offense took place approximately in December of 1983, and I am prepared to introduce that into evidence as well.

THE COURT: I don't know what you're referring to.

MR. NEGUS: I know you don't, but I'm saying there
is -- I was trying to tell you there's an interview that

Lorna Forbes did with Joshua Ryen in December of 1983 which
was tape recorded, and we all have copies of the tape, I

think, and I am prepared to introduce the contents of that
too on that issue, so I don't think really -- I really don't
think it's necessary to call Josh, I mean, and they don't
either, so --

THE COURT: Well, I don't know what this last bit -I mean do you want to enter into the stipulation that the
transcript of Lorna Forbes' interview with Josh be admitted?

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MR. KOTTMEIER: I'm not sure which transcript is being referred to. I don't have any objection to a transcript of that interview being introduced as long as it's one that's fairly accurate.

THE COURT: Well, you'll have to agree upon which document or something, counsel.

MR. NEGUS: Do you guys have one?

MR. KOCHIS: I believe we can work that out. I believe I have a copy that was prepared by Mr. Kottmeier's secretary, a transcript of the tape.

THE COURT: I have no difficulty articulating in my own mind that sufficient evidence without regard to the last transcript, whatever that may be, based upon the evidence I have received so far, that he is — that he does have some personal knowledge. Okay?

MR. NEGUS: I'm sure he has some personal --

THE COURT: That would then put the burden on you.

MR. NEGUS: I'm sure he has some personal knowledge, but the question is personal knowledge as to which issues. I don't care about the burden. All I want to do is put Mrs. Howell on, and because I think that her testimony is relevant, and we can hash out -- I'm perfectly willing to hash out the law later.

THE COURT: How about the request for an offer of proof? That -- that certainly would permit us to narrow the issues at least.

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MR. NEGUS: Well, I -- I'm basically about her contacts with Joshua and Joshua -- what Joshua's related to her about his knowledge about the events is what the different areas I'm going to ask, plus she also was present when -- when Mr. O'Campo was talking to Joshua, so I'm going to have some things about that, but, see, St. Andrew --

THE COURT: It's such a broad subject, Mr. Kottmeier.

I think I'm going to have to hear it.

MR. KOTTMEIER: The difficulty, Your Honor, is that I think that what is occurring is an effort on Mr. Negus' part to try and get an interview with Dr. Howell --

MR. NEGUS: That's not true. I've already interviewed Dr. Howell.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Well, but still that appears to be the effort. If you listen to the generality that Mr. Negus offers the Court as a basis for her testifying, it in no way indicates a specific lack of knowledge on the part of Josh Ryen which would qualify under this particular motion.

THE COUPT: Do I have a stipulation that that --

MR. NEGUS: We haven't worked that out.

THE COURT: Since you can't identify it, I can't get a stipulation; therefore, I can't examine it as part of an offer of proof. Do you want to get that, Counsel?

MR. KOCHIS: Yes. If I could have a five-minute recess, I can make xerox copies.

THE COURT: We'll take a recess. I think I'm going

to have to evaluate that as part of an offer of proof.

MR. NEGUS: That has nothing to do with Dr. Howell's testimony. That's a different -- that's a different issue. That's got to do with Dr. Forbes' testimony. Dr. Howell was present -- has talked to Joshua on many occasions about the events in question, about what Josh remembered and what Josh didn't remember. She's -- she was present when O'Campo interviewed him about the crime on June 6, something that O'Campo denies, but she was present and remembers details of O'Campo's questioning of Joshua.

She had conversations with Joshua at other times about his knowledge of the attacker. I'm primarily concerned about Joshua's knowledge, as Mr. Kottmeier suggests, of events after his mother screamed. Joshua on that — Joshua is consistent in his testimony up to the point where he says he heard his mother scream. He is inconsistent after that, and you can, I think, document a process of — of influences on him to get him to change his testimony.

THE COURT: All right. Then what your motion relates to then is from the scream on?

MR. NEGUS: Right.

THE COURT: And the rest of it, if they want to call him to go up to that far, you --

MR. NEGUS: Well, no. I have other -- as far as personal knowledge is concerned, then I am not contesting that Joshua does not have personal knowledge of going to the

party beforehand, of hearing his mother scream, anything before that. I am not contesting that as far as personal knowledge. I have -- if we get the personal knowledge issue resolved, then there are other issues remaining with respect to Joshua which have to do, including with the admissibility of statement he made to Mr. Gamundoy and Mr. Fisher, and to Mr. Kottmeier's request for a reconsideration of your order that the defense be allowed to witness any contacts the prosecution has with Joshua.

THE COURT: Is that still pending?

MR. NEGUS: Yes.

MR. KOTTMEIER: No. I don't view it as pending.

THE COURT: I thought it had been abandoned or withdrawn.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Based upon the Court's ruling, I had not anticipated contacting Joshua until the time that it's necessary for him to be called as a witness, and having a defense representative present as we go through the normal mechanizations of preparation.

THE COURT: Is he in the area?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Not that I know of.

MR. NEGUS: No. I think he's back East.

I didn't realize that was your position, and then that one does not exist then, if they're in agreement with it.

And then finally I $\operatorname{\mathsf{--}}$ if depending upon the Court's

THE COURT: Let's take a five minute recess. Get your exhibit, mark it into evidence, and let's go out and start grinding through them. I'm not going to require any more definition, Mr. Kottmeier.

(Recess.)

(Whereupon the following proceedings were held in open court.)

MR. KOTTMEIER: Your Honor, before the Court rules,

I've had a request from Mary Hughes that she be permitted

to stay during the testimony. She's been a regular attendee

of prior motions and is very interested in what the testimony

may have relative to her son's death.

THE COURT: Mr. Negus?

MR. NEGUS: Because I'm making the request partly on behalf of Mr. Gendler and Mr. Young and Mr. Bidart, I'm reluctant to agree to that. Plus I don't see any way that we can -- we can control the person -- the parties that are -- the attorneys in the case, but I don't see how we can have any control over privilege or release of information by Mrs. Hughes to anybody she sees fit. So I think that --

THE COURT: I'm sure she would agree to not discuss it with any other person.

MR. NEGUS: Well, if you wish to call Mr. Gendler and ask him if it's okay -- but I would not be -- I would not be willing to agree because of the agreement that I made with Mr. Gendler to so stipulate.

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THE COURT: Mrs. Hughes, you have been here all the time throughout these proceedings. And I in chambers have made an order for a closed hearing excluding the public and the press. Dr. Howell is going to testify, and then there will be some others over the next three days, perhaps. Can you give me your commitment to not discuss the -- what goes on in court pending the trial actually for a long time?

MRS. MARY HUGHES: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I'm particularly concerned that the matter not reach the attention of the media and that they be blown up in the papers in some manner. And if you sit here, you could observe and watch but be bound and under a Court order, I will order you not to discuss what goes on in court with any other person, including your husband?

MRS. MARY HUGHES: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You agree to that?

MRS. MARY HUGHES: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. So ordered. The hearing in the courtroom is otherwise ordered closed to other people.

And I'm -- I regret having to do this. But I can't make a bunch of exceptions other than Dr. Howell. And she's going to be our first witness. Okay, ladies?

Would the rest of you please -- I'll be off the bench just for 30 seconds, Counsel. Be right back.

(Recess.)

THE COURT: All right. I think I was looking at the

```
1
     wrong lady when I said "Dr. Howell," apparently.
 2
              Who's your first witness, Mr. Negus?
 3
              MR. NEGUS: Dr. Howell.
              THE COURT: Come forward, please.
 5
              THE CLERK: Take the witness stand, please and
 6
    raise your right hand.
 7
                  H O W E L L, having been called as a witness
 8
    \underline{M} \underline{A} \underline{R} \underline{Y} \underline{A}.
 9
          by and on behalf of the Defense, was sworn and testified
          as follows:
10
              THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony
11
    you are about to give in the action now pending before this
12
    Court shall be the truth, the whole truth and nothing
13
    but the truth so help you God?
14
              THE WITNESS: I do.
15
              THE CLERK: Please be seated. State your name,
16
   please, for the record and spell your last name.
17
              THE WITNESS: Mary A., it's my middle initial,
18
   Howell, H-o-w-e-l-l.
19
             THE COURT:
                           Thank you.
20
21
                            DIRECT EXAMINATION
22
   BY MR. NEGUS:
23
         Dr. Howell, you're the grandmother of Josh Ryen?
24
         Yes, I am.
25
    ' / / /
26
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1
          And after your family was murdered, did you first
  2
          see Josh Ryen approximately 9:30 p.m. on June the 5th
  3
          at the Loma Linda University Medical Center?
         Yes, I did.
 5
         Was Joshua able to communicate with you at that
 6
          time?
 7
         Not very well.
 8
         Did you again see him approximately 9:30 in the morning
 9
         on June the 6th?
 10
         Yes, I did.
11
         At that point in time, was Josh better able to
12
         communicate with you?
13
         Yes.
         How was he able to communicate with you?
14
         By signs with his fingers.
_15
         Was he also able to -- to communicate in a partial
16
         whisper?
17
         Very -- yes, very, very partial.
18
         At that point in time in the morning, did you ask
19
         Josh any questions concerning what had happened to
20
         him the night -- the day before?
21
         I just, when I had the chance, asked him, "What made you
22
         come into your mother's room? What made all of you come
23
24
    ////
    ////
25
    ////
26
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into your mother's room?"
1
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- When you said, "All of you" --2 a
- The children. 3
- What was Josh's response?
- "Mother screaming." 5
- Did he say anything else at that time? 6 Q
- 7 No.
- Did you ask him whether or not he saw any attackers? 8
- Not that day. 9
- At some other day, did you? 10
- Later on, when I felt he was more capable of talking and 11
- when he felt better. 12
- When was -- was that while he was still in the hospital? 13 14%1.7
- Yes. 14
- In -- do you recall a day on June the 4th when there 15
- was a formal interview between Detective O'Campo, a 16
- Dr. Jerry Hoyle, and Josh? 17
- Yes. 18
- Was -- had you had a chance to ask Josh the questions 19
- before that formal interview? 20
- No. A. 21
- So it was afterwards? Q. 22
- About -- wait, excuse me. 23
- About the attack -- whether he saw any attackers or not. 24
- I didn't ask him then, no. No. 25
- When did you ask him? Can you give me an approximation 26

```
1
          as to when you asked him about whether he saw the --
  2
          When he felt much better. It was -- it was about a
  3
          week later.
          Week after he first got in the hospital?
          Uh-huh.
         You have to say "yes" or "no."
 7
         Yes.
         And what did he tell you at that point in time?
 8
         He said he didn't see anyone. At that -- this is on a
 9
         particular day when I asked him, "Did you see anybody?"
10
         And he said, "No." But then later he -- he changed his
11
         mind when I asked him at other times, and he had
12
         different answers.
13
         What were the other times that you asked him?
14
         Well, he said he saw three people. And I said, "When?"
15
         He says, "Well, when they came on Saturday afternoon.
16
         They were going to the party. There were three men that
17
         came up. "
18
         Okay. And was that while he -- was that statement made
19
         while he was still in the hospital?
20
         Yes.
21
         Did he ever give you any other statements?
22
         No, not -- I didn't ask him too many questions when he
23
         was ill and he had other problems. I figured there was
24
         time enough to ask later on.
25
         On the June 6th -- the first full day that Josh was in
   a
26
```

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the hospital, did you see a Detective O'Campo come to
 1
 2
          visit Josh?
          I don't know whether it was Sunday, June 6th or not, but
 3
          I know that he was there the following day.
          The day after Josh got to the hospital?
 5
 6
          Yes.
          Okay. When Mr. O'Campo came to the hospital, did he
 7
          ask Josh any questions?
 8
          Yes, he did.
 9
              (No omissions.)
10
11
12
13
<sup>3</sup>14
15
16
17
18
19
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21
22
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- 1 Q What questions -- were you present in the room when he was asking the questions?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q What questions was he asking Josh?
- A How many did he see and what were they wearing, and that's about it.
- 7 Q Did -- how did Josh answer those questions?
- 8 A Writing down on a pad. He would answer his questions
 9 by writing on a pad or O'Campo would maybe try to give
 10 him suggestions. Was it short sleeves, long sleeves?
- 11 Was it red or blue?
- 12 Q How did Josh answer the question about how many there
 13 were?
- 14 A With his fingers.
- 15 Q And how many fingers did he hold up?
- 16 A Three.
- Q Did -- during that conversation with Mr. O'Campo, did
- Joshua describe essentially three Mexicans in a blue
- 19 vehicle?
- 20 A Yes, he did. He said they were in a blue car. The car
- 21 was blue.
- 22 | Q And that there were three Mexicans?
- 23 A Yes.
- 24 Q Was Mr. O'Campo taking notes during this conversation?
- 25 A Yes.
- 26 | Q How was he taking notes?

- 1 A He had a pad and pencil.
- Q At some time while Josh was in the hospital, were you in the room when Kevin Cooper's picture was shown on the
- 4 television?
- 5 A That was near the end, yes.
- Q Did -- when Kevin Cooper's -- well, when the television was shown, did it first show a picture of Josh?
- 8 A Yes. Josh was in the bathroom then.
- 9 Q Okay, and then --
- 10 A I was -- I was waiting. I was on his bed, sitting on his bed waiting for him to come out.
- Q When he came out, what was on the television screen?

 Do you recall?
- 14 A Cooper's picture.
- 15 | Q At that point in time, did you ask Joshua any questions?
- 16 A I just asked him if he ever saw that man.
- 17 Q What did Josh say?
- 18 A Right at the moment, Josh said no.
- 19 Q Was there any other conversation at that point in time?
- 20 A Not then, no.
- 21 Q At some point in time while Josh was in the hospital,
- did he give you -- that is towards the end, give you a
- little bit longer narrative about what had occurred?
- 24 A Not in the hospital.
- 25 Q When did he first give you a longer narrative?
- 26 A When he came back after -- after September 23.

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Q	At that	point	in	time,	did	he	describe	to	you	hiding	in
	a washroom?										

- It wasn't -- I don't remember just how soon it was after he got back, but we were in a conversation, and he said he was hiding in -- behind the door, and I said, "What made you come out?" And he says, "I was going to help Chris."
- Did he tell you that -- that he had heard Chris cry for help?
- Yes. He was going to -- he was going to help Chris he said.
- Did you ask him whether at that point in time again whether he had seen anybody?
- Not at that point, but as time went on, every now and then, I'd get into a conversation, and I says, "Did you see anybody at all?" And he says, "I saw a man with a big bunch of hair." That's the way he had described it.
- Before he told you about seeing a man with a big bunch of hair, did you have a conversation with him in which you asked him "Did you see any shapes?" And he said "No"?
- No. Α

what?

THE COURT: Sorry. You asked him did you see any 23

BY MR. NEGUS: Did you ever ask Josh the question "Did you see any shapes --*

24

THE COURT: Shapes.

Q BY MR. NEGUS: "-- of attackers" and have him answer "No"?

- A Yeah. I asked him if he saw anybody else, and he said no.
- Q Up to the end of October of 1983, had Josh told you that he had seen anybody -- any attacker?
- A Would you rephrase that, please?
- Q On October 27 -- on October 27, 1983, you and your attorney, Mr. Gendler, had a conversation with Mr. Forbush and myself in my office; is that right?
- A Yes, yes.
 - Q Up to that point in time, had Josh mentioned seeing anybody else -- any attacker in the house?
- A No.
 - Up to -- prior to that date, prior to the time that you and Mr. Gendler came -- came to talk to Mr. Forbush and myself, had Josh told you that he had not seen any shapes of any attackers, not seen any attackers at all?
- A No.

THE COURT: I don't understand your answer. Is that true that up till that point, he had not told you about seeing any shapes?

THE WITNESS: Yes. When I'd ask him if he saw any-body, how many did he see, he said he didn't see, and I says, what do you remember, and he says, I just remember when I

came into the room -- he just remembered an arm going 1 around his neck, and that was all he remembered. 2 BY MR. NEGUS: Can you give an approximate date for 3 the time that Josh first told you about seeing a person 4 with bushy hair? 5 Just about three or four months ago. 6 Okay. What did he tell you about that person? Q 7 That's all he said. 8 Did he say where the person was? 0 9 No. Α 10 In the summer of 1983 after Josh was released from the Q 11 hospital, up until the middle of September, Josh was 12 living with relatives in the East; is that correct? 13 Yes. 14 A From the middle of September till the beginning of Q 15 summer, the end of the school year this year, he was living at your home with you; is that correct? 17 Α Yes. 18 And now he's gone back to live with the relatives in Q 19 the East again? 20 Α Yes. 21 During the time last summer in the summer of 1983, the summer before last, I suppose, in the summer of 1983

when Josh was first living with relatives, did you have

23

frequent phone conversations with him?

A Yes.

5a

16

22

24

25

- 1 Q Did you have a conversation with Josh just after Kevin 2 Cooper had been arrested?
- 3 A Yes, but we didn't discuss it.
- 4 | Q Did you ever discuss Kevin Cooper's arrest with Josh?
- 5 A No.

- Q When Josh returned to California in September of 1983,
 did you take him back to visit the house where he'd
 been -- at 2943 English Road?
 - A Not immediately, but as time went on, we went up, yes.
- 10 Q Approximately how many different times did you -- did
 11 you go up there?
- 12 A About three, with Josh about three.
- 13 Q During those -- during those occasions, did you ever
 14 have occasion to discuss with Josh the location of
 15 various people during the -- during the crime, where
 16 the people were in the rooms?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 Q And do you remember whether that was the first, second, 19 third occasion?
- 20 A I believe about the second.
- Q Did Josh describe to you then where each of the members of his family and where Chris was?
- 23 A Yes.
- Q When he gave you that description, was that description of where the people were essentially lying when found by Bill Hughes?

1	A	I don't know what Bill Hughes saw. I wasn't I						
2		wasn't told about that.						
3	Q	Was it a description of where the people were lying						
4		after the attack had was finished?						
5	A	Josh just told me what when I asked him where was his						
6		mother, his father and his sister, he told me, and Chris.						
7	Q	You had you had had you seen the photographs or						
8		some of the photographs taken of the crime scene by the						
9		Sheriff's Department?						
10	A	Yes.						
11	Q	Were the locations that Joshua pointed out to you as						
12		where his mother, father, Chris and Jessica were the						
13		same locations that their bodies were depicted in those						
14		photographs?						
15	A	Yes.						
16	Q	And was the location did Josh also show you where he						
17		had been lying?						
18	Α	Yes.						
19	Q	And was that next to the spot where the pajamas were shown						
20		in the photographs?						
21	A	Yes.						
22		(No emissions.)						
23								
24								
25								

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1   Did Josh ever point out to you any locations that
2   people had been, like, earlier in the attack, that is,
3   at some other point in time other than their final
4   resting place?
5   A   No.
```

When -- when Josh first told you that he didn't see
anybody, that is, when he was first saying that he saw
no one, did he also say that it was dark at the time?

g A There was -- it was dark, but there was light coming in from the outside.

When he said he saw the shape or the person with the bushy hair, the shape of the person with the bushy hair, did he tell you that it was dark but it was starting to get light out, like -- like about dawn?

A He didn't say.

Q Was Joshua aware that the Preliminary Hearing was going on in this case in November and December of 1983?

A. Yes.

Did he have -- did he have occasion to see any of the television stories about the Preliminary Hearing?

A No. We did not turn on the news, nor do I take a paper.

Q How was he aware of it? Just from your telling him?

No. I didn't tell him. Every now and then he would just maybe ask a question, and I would answer it.

Q In -- in May of 1984, there were a series of articles in the papers and stories on the radio concerning Joshua.

25 26

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Was he aware of those stories?
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- 2 A. No.
- 3 Q Have you talked to Joshua about Kevin Cooper?
- 4 A Not really.
- 5 Q Has Joshua ever expressed to you any feelings about
- 6 Kevin?
- 7 A No. One -- may I retract that?
- 8 Q Sure.
- I told him one time that -- it was something about a 9 court case, and I said, "He's heavily guarded." And he 10 says, "Why do they guard him?" And I said, "Well, he's 11 accused of murder, so they don't want anyone to upset 12 any of their plans or anything." And he says, "Well," 13 says, "Why don't they turn him loose, let people get to 14 him?" That's about -- that was about the extent of his 15 conversation. Josh doesn't talk much. He thinks a lot, 16 but he doesn't talk much. 17
 - Q During the time that Josh was staying with you, was he being treated weekly by Dr. Lorna Forbes?
- 20 A Yes.

- Q Was one of the purposes of that treatment to prepare

 Joshua to testify in this case if that became necessary?
- I don't think that was the sole purpose of having Josh there.
- 25 Q No. Let me rephrase it. Was that one of the purposes?
- 26 A Possibly. I was not in the room when Dr. Forbes talked

```
with Josh.
 1
         The -- there has been litigation involving yourself on
 2
         the one hand and Richard Ryen on the other hand over
3
         who should have the guardianship of Josh; is that
         correct?
 5
         Yes.
6
        And there was a trial involving that issue held last
7
         September across the hall here?
8
        Yes.
9
        During that litigation and that trial, was a plan of
10
         treatment with Dr. Forbes put forth?
11
        Yes.
12
        And essentially it was one of the things, one of the
13
        reasons that -- one of the -- one of the purposes of,
14
         that to have Dr. Forbes prepare Josh to testify, if
15
        necessary?
16
        If necessary.
17
        The actual carrying out of that particular plan, however,
18
        was left to Dr. Forbes, essentially?
19
        Yes.
20
        Is the potential -- well, that litigation is still on-
21
        going; is that right?
22
        Yes.
23
        And there's another hearing set in the middle of this
24
        month?
25
        Yes.
26
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1
          Is the potential for Josh testifying still one of the
          issues in that -- in that litigation?
 2
 3
          If necessary, yes.
         Is that -- essentially your attorney's advancing that
         if Josh does have to testify you would be better prepared
 5
         to, through Dr. Forbes and through being out here, to --
 6
         to assist him in that than the Ryens?
 7
         Yes.
 8
         After Josh left the hospital and when he was living with
 9
         you in 1983 and '84, was there ever any contact by
10
         members of the sheriff's department with Josh?
11
         Not at my home.
12
         Were -- while you were present, did you ever have --
         No.
         Was Josh ever, to your knowledge, shown some towels,
         some shirts and some ball caps?
         Yes.
         Where was that?
         That was in my home, yes.
        Okay. Then --
         That was, yes, that was not too long ago.
21
        That would have been in -- in the middle -- the beginning
22
        of June of 1984, 7th?
23
        Possibly, yes.
24
        And that was by -- by sheriff's department people?
25
        Yes.
26
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How long did that contact last?
     Ω
  1
          Not very long. Matter of 15, 10, 15 minutes.
  2
          Do you still maintain telephonic contact with Josh on a
  3
          regular basis?
          Yes.
 5
         Do you know what Josh's attitude is towards testifying
 6
         in this case if necessary?
 7
         No. We don't talk about that.
 8
             MR. NEGUS: Thank you.
 9
             I have nothing further.
 10
             THE COURT: All right.
11
12
                            CROSS EXAMINATION
13
    BY MR. KOTTMEIER:
         Dr. Howell, was the idea to prepare Josh to testify in
15
         a possible court case your request or was that someone
16
         else's request?
17
         Someone else's.
18
         And who was that?
19
         I don't know whether it would be the attorneys or Dr.
20
         Forbes. I don't know.
21
         The attorneys --
22
         Because I certainly don't want Josh to testify.
23
              I'm -- maybe you misunderstand my question.
24
         testified just a moment ago that one of the plans of
25
         action in the custody issue --
26
```

```
1
         Uh-huh.
         -- was to prepare Josh through Dr. Forbes to testify.
2
         It was probably Dr. Forbes, the doctor.
3
         As far as you know, that was not at your request?
   Q.
5
   A.
         No.
         Or anyone else's request connected with the Prosecution
6
         of the case, of this case?
7
         I don't know whether Mr. Gendler had anything to do with
8
         it or not. It's --
9
             (No omissions.)
10
11
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You told us that Josh returned to you September the 23rd, approximately?
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- A Yes, 21st or 23rd, something.
- Q And he had been back with Frank and Sally Ryen?
- A Yes.

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MR. NEGUS: I think the record should reflect I think it should be Richard.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Yes. That's true, Richard and Sally Ryen, the brothers of Doug Ryen.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Brother of Doug Ryen.

- And Josh's description to you of seeing the man with the big bunch of hair or bushy hair, when was it that Josh saw that person in the bedroom?
- A He didn't say. When I asked him if he saw anything at all, that's what he told me, he saw the man with the big bushy hair.
- Q According to Josh's story, he went in during the evening that the attack occurred towards the bedroom two times?
- 20 A Evidently.
 - Q One when he heard his mother scream?
- 22 A Uh-huh.
- 23 Q Then he went into the laundryroom, came back out?
- 24 A Yes.
- 25 | Q And was assaulted himself?
- 26 A Yes.

	1							
1.	Q	At any time have you heard Josh say that he saw more						
2		than one attacker in the Ryen house during the time of						
3		the attacks?						
4	A	No.						
5	Q	When did Dr. Forbes start her treatment of Josh?						
6	A	Almost immediately after I got Josh, practically the						
7		next week, the following week. It would be in October,						
8		late of October, 1983.						
9		THE COURT: Excuse me.						
10		MR. KOTTMEIER: Fine. I have nothing further,						
11	Your Honor.							
12		MR. NEGUS: I have just one or two questions I'd						
13	lik	e to ask, if we could finish with Dr. Howell so that she						
14	cou	ld go back to her practice.						
15		THE COURT: I also have a jury locked up and a						
16	ver	dict, and everybody is again present.						
17		MR. NEGUS: It will be very short.						
18		THE COURT: All right. Let's go ahead.						
19		Would you read back the last couple questions and						
20	ans	wers, please.						
21		(Record read.)						
22		THE COURT: Mr. Negus.						
23								
24		REDIRECT EXAMINATION						

Dr. Howell, why do you not want Josh to testify?

BY MR. NEGUS:

25

```
I think the little boy's been through so much.
     Α
         Do you think it would be -- would it be hard for him?
         Probably detrimental to his health, yes.
3
         In what way?
     O
         Reliving the night.
5
             THE COURT: I'm sorry?
             THE WITNESS: Reliving that night again.
7
         BY MR. NEGUS: Does Josh express any sort of guilt that
8
         he was the only survivor?
9
         At first he did.
10
         Not so much anymore?
11
         No.
12
             MR. NEGUS: Thank you.
13
             Nothing further.
14
             MR. KOTTMEIER: No questions, Your Honor.
15
             THE COURT: What are you a doctor of?
16
             THE WITNESS: I am a doctor of chiropractic,
17
     chiropractor.
18
             THE COURT: Okay. Thank you very much, Doctor.
19
             THE WITNESS: Thank you.
20
             THE COURT: You may be excused.
21
             Counsel, is it possible you could have other wit-
22
     nesses this afternoon?
23
             MR. NEGUS: It doesn't look like it. I have been
24
     trying to reach Dr. Forbes, and I have over the weekend and
25
     last week, and I wasn't able to get a hold of her.
26
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waiting for her to contact Dr. Howell's attorney before I spoke to her.

I think we can give you some documents early this afternoon that we'd like you to read, and we will have to go over this transcript.

MR. KOCHIS: Your Honor, I brought to court the transcript the Court asked me to get. Mr. Negus has had his secretary transcribe the same tape. Apparently there's a discrepancy with some of the words, so he's not comfortable with my giving it to the Court this morning.

THE COURT: All right. Would you stipulate that if either of you bring any documents to my clerk to mark, that I might receive and read and review them this afternoon?

MR. NEGUS: Yes, after we've agreed on them, yes.

THE COURT: All right. Accepted.

MR. NEGUS: If you want to take your verdict, I can tell you what my problems are afterwards or before, whichever you'd like.

THE COURT: Your problem?

MR. NEGUS: Scheduling problems.

THE COURT: Let's hear it now.

MR. NEGUS: I have not been able to get a hold of Dr. Forbes who is -- who I -- if I -- after talking to her, I think I'd like to have her called. I'd like to -- I've not been able to get a hold of Dr. Forbes who, after I talk to her, I think I would like to have -- I'd like to call

J4

as a witness, although her testimony will basically be somewhat limited because much of what she knows is covered by the psychotherapist-patient privilege, but there's certain things that she knows that are not.

I also have another potential witness who has not finished his work on the materials that I have given him, would hope to have him ready by Thursday, but I cannot guarantee it at the present time.

That's all the testimony that I would be preparing, other than just written documentation on this issue.

THE COURT: Have you made diligent efforts to get those witnesses under subpoena? You may have to show that according to the book, Counsel.

MR. NEGUS: I have not made any efforts to get them under subpoena because I was -- because I have been trying to -- because one of them has -- there's no good subpoenaing him till he does the work, and the other, Dr. Forbes, is -- I was attempting to get a hold of Mr. Gendler before -- because I owed it to him, I believe, before I tried to contact her. After I contacted Mr. Gendler, I have not been able to get in touch with Dr. Forbes.

THE COURT: You're presently not sure if you're going to have any witnesses this afternoon or tomorrow?

MR. NEGUS: I'm reasonably sure I'm not going to have any this afternoon. I cannot tell you for sure I'm going to have any tomorrow. I can tell you better when I

get a hold of Dr. Forbes.

THE CCURT: All right. We'll schedule the next session for 9:30 tomorrow morning.

Give me as many of the documents as you are able to do so which I'm going to review so that I can review it in the meantime.

MR. NEGUS: I will also be giving the Court and counsel -- I haven't had it typed up yet, but a list of cases that I think may be appropriate.

THE COURT: All right. Since he indicated by way of an offer of proof for you his scheduling, Mr. Kottmeier, a motion to exclude under Evidence Code Section 352 basis, I think that I should receive perhaps an offer of proof from you as to the state of the defendant's hair upon escape. Is this going to be relevant evidence?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes, that is, he had bushy hair upon escape, and you are prepared to present witnesses to that effect?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Perhaps a happy note for counsel. As you know, I went to San Diego on the 30th of August, last Thursday, and we spent half a day there, and part of my individual discussion with various people was with Geraldine Stevens, who is the jury coordinator. She indicated to me that those -- that their procedure is to

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bring jurors in ahead of time, and you have each ascertained this, I believe, and have an indoctrination, then have them They are going to tape a repreback once again. (a) sentative, at my request, indoctrination and send it to me or a transcription of it to me. I don't know how soon I will get that, but, hopefully, some day this week, and (b) if that is the case, then the jurors that I had indicated would be here and were already subpoenaed for September the 14th, a Friday, will be in, I believe, the preceding day, the 13th; and on the 13th, it's just as easy for her to have them back on the 17th as it is the 14th, and with that type of a situation, then, I see no point in -- you know, there's no problem; so contrary to my last memo to you, Mr. Negus, we will not then be working on the 14th unless you've now made commitments the other way.

MR. NEGUS: No.

THE COURT: Mr. Kochis, is that all right?

MR. KOCHIS: I am available either way.

THE COURT: All right. So then you will be open for other work then on the 14th, a Friday, and we will have our hardship hearing, so to speak, on I believe it's the 12th, 13th and 17th. I have so instructed her.

The only other Friday I guess that we have scheduled is the 28th of September.

MR. NEGUS: We're going to be off the Monday and Tuesday of that week; right?

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THE COURT: Yes, your Bar Association conference and my judges' conference.

MR. NEGUS: Just to notify the Court, in reliance upon your vacation from the 1st through the 12th of

THE COURT: Well, mine are pretty much mired in concrete, so I don't foresee changing them. Those dates -- I can never remember the dates.

MR. NEGUS: It's the 1st through the 12th.

THE COURT: Is the 12th a holiday?

November, I've got plane tickets too, so don't --

MR. NEGUS: Yes.

THE COURT: Because I didn't remember asking for that time off. What holiday is that?

MR. NEGUS: Veterans Day.

MR. KOCHIS: Veterans Day.

THE COURT: So be it. All right. I will see you tomorrow morning at 9:30.

(Whereupon, at 11:05 a.m. the noon recess was taken.)

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ONTARIO, CALIFORNIA; TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1984; 1:40 P.M.
      DEPARTMENT NO. 3
                                          HON. RICHARD C. GARNER, JUDGE
  3
                (Appearances as heretofore noted.)
                              Mr. Negus, apparently you could get a
  5
     witness this afternoon.
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               MR. NEGUS: Yes.
                                     And thank you for taking her,
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     because she has to leave.
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               THE COURT: Yes.
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               MR. NEGUS: Dr. Forbes.
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               THE COURT: Parties are again present with all
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     attorneys.
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    \underline{L} \underline{O} \underline{R} \underline{N} \underline{A} \underline{F} \underline{O} \underline{R} \underline{B} \underline{E} \underline{S}, called as a witness by and on behalf
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          of the Defense, was sworn and testified as follows:
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               THE CLERK: You do solemnly swear the testimony you
16
    are about to give in the action now pending before this Court
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    shall be the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the
18
    truth so help you God?
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               THE WITNESS: I do.
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               THE CLERK: Please be seated.
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              State your name, please, for the record and spell
22
    your last name.
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              THE WITNESS: Lorna Miriam Forbes, F-o-r-b-e-s.
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              THE CLERK: I'm sorry. Would you spell your first
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    name, again, too.
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THE WITNESS: L-o-r-n-a.
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                            DIRECT EXAMINATION
     BY MR. NEGUS:
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          Dr. Forbes, you're a doctor of medicine; is that
          correct?
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          Yes.
          And you have a speciality in the field of psychiatry?
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         Yes.
 9
         And you have been practicing in that field since
 10
         approximately 1947; is that correct?
 11
         I got my license in '47. I've been practicing since --
12
         privately in my office since '58.
13
         Okay. And you're also Professor of Child Psychiatry at
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         the University of Southern California?
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         Yes.
16
         As part of your private practice, have you been treating
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         since October of 1983 Joshua Ryen?
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         Yes.
19
         Did you also see Joshua on a few occasions before
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         October of 1983 in connection with preparing the report
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         on him for Department 7 of this Court?
22
         Yes.
23
         In December of 1983, did you interview Joshua Ryen
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         pursuant to the series of questions that were submitted
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         to you by myself?
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          Yes.
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          And did you tape record that particular interview with
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          Joshua?
          Yes.
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             MR. NEGUS: Your Honor, I would be willing to
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    stipulate that -- that when we have a settled transcript of
 7
    that tape recording that it can be introduced into evidence,
    if that's agreeable with the Prosecution.
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 9
             THE COURT: You haven't yet settled it; is that
    correct?
10
             MR. NEGUS: Well, we have been rushing around doing -
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    I have done my corrections, but Mr. Kochis has not yet had a
12
    chance to see whether he agrees to them or not.
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             THE COURT: Very well.
             MR. KOTTMEIER: We also have another problem, Your
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    Honor, in that the tape that we received apparently is
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    missing anywhere from seven to ten pages of that portion of
17
    the recording, so --
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             MR. NEGUS: I will supply them with a copy of my
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          I -- which has the full thing.
20
             MR. KOTTMEIER: It's -- so, yes, we're working on it.
21
             THE COURT: All right.
22
                         I didn't realize that until just now,
             MR. NEGUS:
23
   they were missing some.
24
         (BY MR. NEGUS:) And you supplied a copy of those tapes
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         to both the Prosecution and myself; is that correct?
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That's correct.
  2
          In the tape, Joshua Ryen describes a -- an -- an attacker
  3
          that he says he saw in the bedroom. Do you recall that
         portion of the tape?
 5
         Yes.
 6
         Are you aware that prior to December of 1983 Joshua had,
 7
         on various occasions, indicated that he had not seen
 8
         any attackers in the bedroom?
 9
         Yes.
         Was -- you have at a previous hearing diagnosed Joshua
 10
         as suffering from a post-traumatic stress disorder; is
11
         that correct?
12
         Yes.
13
         Included in that particular disorder, at times does that
14
         involve a person feeling guilt that they survived the
15
         attack?
16
         Yes.
17
         In Joshua's -- in Joshua answering that he saw an
18
         attacker in the bedroom, are there any psychological
19
         mechanisms which could lead Joshua to say something or
20
         to believe something that really he really had not
21
         perceived?
22
         Yes.
23
         What are those?
24
         Because of his deep guilt that he was the sole survivor,
25
         it would be possible for him in the intervention of time
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since the incident and my interview to have created a 1 fantasy that he saw an attacker, which would decrease his guilt about being alive. If he were to fantasize that he saw an attacker, would he be likely to adopt the attacker who had been accused 5 by the police of introducing the crime as the person he fantasized that he saw? 7 You'll have to repeat that. 8 If Joshua was fantasizing about seeing an attacker in 9 the bedroom, would he be likely to adopt as the person 10 he fantasized about the person who had been accused by 11 the police of committing the crime? 12 If he were exposed to any other stimuli which would make 13 him integrate that into his mind. Would television be such a stimulant? 15 Yes. 16 In your -- in his description to you of his attacker, 17 he -- he indicated that the person had bushy hair; is 18 that correct? 19 That's correct. 20 If on the television the person that the Prosecution had 21 accused of doing the crime, Mr. Cooper, had always been 22 shown with bushy hair, could that influence Josh in his 23 description? 24

THE COURT: Did you say "would" or "could" influence

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Yes.

him?

THE WITNESS: Could.

Q (BY MR. NEGUS:) In talking to Joshua on the date in December that the tape was made, can you now say based on your experience with him whether or not he had personal knowledge when he was describing the attacker? MR. KOCHIS: Well, I would object. That would call for speculation on her part.

MR. NEGUS: Wait, wait. Can I -- I thought
Mr. Kottmeier was handling --

THE COURT: I won't let them both gang up on you.

But I have no objection to one or the other making objection.

I won't let them each examine a witness, for instance.

MR. NEGUS: Well, I think it's -- I think it's , unfair that -- that -- that the -- that they both be allowed to make objections during the -- during one particular witness

THE COURT: I'll hear him.

What's your objection?

MR. KOCHIS: It would call for speculation on her part to give an opinion as to whether or not someone was testifying as to personal knowledge or not. I don't know how she's qualified or any other personal health person would be qualified to make such a speculative opinion of someone they were treating.

THE COURT: Well, there's been enough foundation laid for that. She has examined him over a sustained period of

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           She has interviewed him specifically for that purpose.
    She's obviously an expert of some long standing. I'll permit
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     the expert opinion, for such as it is, recognizing --
             MR. KOCHIS: But --
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              THE COURT: -- it as an opinion, not a statement of
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    fact.
 7
                         Perhaps I didn't articulate my objection.
             MR. KOCHIS:
 8
    She may be qualified as an expert to give an opinion as to
    perhaps the mental condition of someone she's treating, but
    I don't know of any authority that allows anybody in the
10
    mental field to render an opinion such as that on an ultimate
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    fact as, in a sense, is someone correct when they make an
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    observation.
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             THE COURT: Another way of putting it would have
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    been to ask was he fantasizing then or stating the truth as
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    he observed it. And surely that wouldn't be objectionable,
16
    at least the fantasy part.
17
             MR. NEGUS: I like your way of saying it better.
18
    I could withdraw it and ask it --
19
                         Break it down, then.
             THE COURT:
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         (BY MR. NEGUS:) Do you know when Josh described the
21
        person with the bushy hair whether he was fantasizing or
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        not?
23
        Not for certain, no.
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(No omissions.)

Q	Do yo	u have		can	you	assign	probabilities	to	it?
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2 A I believe so.

- Q What would that be?
- A That from what he said to me, that he did not know specifically the person who did it.
- Q What led you -- why do you believe that? If that involves privileged information, then you can say so and assert the privilege. I'm not trying to --
- A It does.

THE COURT: I'm not sure she's answering your question. You're asking her about whether or not he was at that moment fantasizing. She said I believe he did not know the person that did it. He may never have heard of Mr. Cooper or know him, but was he fantasizing at that time? I can distinguish the answer from the question.

MR. NEGUS: Let me try and pin it down then.

- Q Do you believe that Joshua was fantasizing when he said he saw a person with bushy hair standing in the bedroom?
- A I don't know.
- Q Can you assign a probability to that?
- A The probability I would assign is that he does not -or did not perceive the exact identity of the attacker
 or specifically whether he saw the bushy hair.

THE COURT: Are you saying that the probabilities are he did not perceive a man with bushy hair?

THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.

Q BY MR. NEGUS: Based on your treatment of Joshua, would it be in his best interest to testify in this particular case?

A No.

Q Why not?

- A He -- though he has made some progress, he retains many of the fear systems that I described previously in the other court hearing, and the questioning of him would bring back to him something he has been trying desperately to repress.
- Q When you asked him the questions that you did last December in response to this particular case, did he show during that interview many signs of resisting the whole process?
- A He did.
- Q What, for example, did he do?
- A Several times during the conversation, he asked me how long it would take. He watched the pages of questions and kept asking me how many more he had to do, and he became at times extremely nervous.
- Q Did he, for example, cover himself with his jacket and hide from you?
- A He did.
- Q And is that a sign of resistance on his part to having to go through that process?
- A It is.

Q If Joshua had to testify in court, would he be likely to exhibit those same symptoms again?
A I believe so.

MR. NEGUS: I have nothing further.

THE COURT: Mr. Kottmeier.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. KOTTMEIER:

- O Dr. Forbes, let's start in the last area we talked about.

 Isn't it just as likely that Josh Ryen was exhibiting a short attention span when he questioned you about the number of pages that remained for examination during the December interview?
- A Yes.
 - Q In fact, you've diagnosed Josh as having a short attention span, haven't you?
- A That's correct.
 - Q And that short attention span preexisted the tragedy that occurred at the Ryen residence; true?
 - A That's correct.
- 21 Q In fact, in all of your conversations with Josh Ryen, 22 he's exhibited a short attention span?
 - A I would not agree with that.
 - You stated in answer to a question by Mr. Negus that you were aware that prior to December, Josh had said that he had not seen the attackers in the bedroom; is

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that correct?

A Yes.

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- Q From what source?
- A I'm trying to remember. From the records of Loma Linda, which I went over at the time of the guardianship hearing, in which Mr. Hoyle talked to the boy, and from statements I believe from Dr. Howell.
- 8 Q How many times did you talk to Dr. Howell prior to this 9 December conversation that we're referring to?
 - A I would have to count that, because she brought the boy, and every time I saw him, and I saw him once a week, I always saw her for some time afterwards.
 - Q Did she specifically tell you that Josh told her that
- she -- that Josh had not seen an attacker the night that his parents were killed?
 - A I really can't remember that.
- 17 Q It would be more consistent, wouldn't it, that
 18 Dr. Howell told you that Josh really hadn't discussed
 19 anything about the attack with her except in general
 20 terms?
 - A I -- I really can't remember that. I believe that she did talk to me prior about that prior to the December date.
 - Q But you have no specific recollection?
- 25 A No.
- 26 Q And other than that, you relied specifically on the

hospital records from Loma Linda and Dr. Hoyle?

That's correct.

3 Q Specifically the entries of Dr. Hoyle in the Loma Linda
4 Hospital records?

5 A That's correct.

6 Q You didn't personally talk to Dr. Hoyle, did you?

7 A No.

8 Q Thinking back for a moment, do you recall statements
9 within the hospital records about three attackers having
10 been in the bedroom?

A I do.

Q So there was at least some reference, even in the hospital records, as to attackers seen by Josh?

A That's correct.

Q From the first time that you've talked to Josh or that you've worked with him until now, has he been consistent in saying he saw one attacker in the bedroom when his parents were killed?

A That's correct.

Q So at least as far as your personal contact with Josh, he's maintained all along the same story about seeing the one man with the bushy hair when his parents were killed?

A May I qualify that? He's maintained that it was one person. I believe even in this tape it says that he could not see entirely who the person was and that the

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person was bent over.

- Q In fact, as far as the tape is concerned, the person had their back to Josh?
- A That's correct.
- Q Josh only saw, under all of the statements that you've heard, the back of the attacker; is that correct?
- A That's correct.
- Q Also, Josh has been consistent in all of your conversations with him that the attacker had bushy hair?
- A Your Honor, I don't know whether that's revealing a confidence to answer that or not.

MR. NEGUS: Your Honor, just so you understand what the problem is, I have tried in my questioning to keep away from any conversations that Dr. Forbes has had with Joshua, other than the one that was done for us, because it's my belief and Mr. Gendler's belief -- and I have told Mr. Gendler I would assert this for him -- that any -- the actual content of her -- of her conversation with Josh, other than that one, are protected by the psychotherapist-patient privilege.

THE COURT: How can you excise one -- one statement and permit that without permitting some further questioning around it in order to examine the credibility of that statement?

MR. NEGUS: I don't -- I'm not -- well, the problem that we had was -- the problem in all these situations is

that there's more -- it's obviously in my best interest to answer the question, but I feel bound, because of the representations I have made to Mr. Gendler, who is not present, that he has a right to assert things, and his interests are somewhat adverse to mine. He represents Dr. Howell, and they do not wish to waive the psychotherapist-patient privilege for our hearing.

(No omissions.)

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THE COURT: Mr. Kottmeier.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Your Honor, I could understand that if we were dealing with some issue that in effect had not been fully addressed and discussed in the conversation of December. I would submit to the Court that, as far as the material that we have covered in the interview in December, particularly in relation to the description of the night of the murder, that this is an area that the psychotherapistpatient relationship has literally been waived because we have full disclosure, in fact, a tape of that particular conversation. All I'm seeking to do is to either verify or deny the consistency to show that in effect this tape is not out of context, that in effect it is a tape that shows the continuing relationship of the same story over and over again to Dr. Forbes.

MR. NEGUS: I'm not sure that that's a true answer. But the problem is that Mr. -- I don't remember whether Mr. Kottmeier or Mr. Kochis was involved in our talks with Mr. Gendler at the time this interview was set up, but the agreement was that they were doing this, but they were not intending to waive the psychotherapist-patient privilege whatsoever. That having Dr. Forbes question Joshua for us was because she had the rapport with Joshua, which it was felt that -- that having either a District Attorney or a Defense lawyer or Defense investigator or -- or -- or a police officer question him would be detrimental to his health. So she stepped in to do that for us. She was not, and we

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specifically at the time stated that she was not, to -- they do not intend to waive the psychotherapist-patient privilege by doing that. I feel I'm in a box. I mean, I may be --

THE COURT: Well, I may take your out of it.

Let me ask you is what you're asking her now in effect, "Did

Joshua tell you on other occasions that he saw a man or a

back portion thereof with busy hair"?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Generally, I'm just asking whether this statement is consistent with what she has heard throughout her past year or so of contact with Josh.

THE COURT: Well, there -- I'm going to sustain the objection. It's too broad. If you want to ask her if he's told her this on a number of occasions and strictly to whether or not he's told her about the man with bushy hair on more than one occasion, I think that portion is clearly waived.

- Q (BY MR. KOTTMEIER:) Dr. Forbes, has Joshua Ryen told you since December about seeing the back of a man with bushy hair during the time his parents were being attacked?
- A Yes.
- And he has told you specifically about such a man with bushy hair in each of your conversations since December relative to the attack?
- 23 A Yes.
 - It is true, isn't it, returning now to the December conversation, that Josh does not know the facial features of the individual that he saw attacking or at least in

the bedroom during the time of the attack? 2 Yes. 3 So obviously he wouldn't know the exact identity of the person involved in the crime. 5 Yes. 6 You stated in earlier questioning that you had a feeling 7 that Josh did not know specifically the person who did 8 it; is that correct? 9 Yes. 10 Do you think that he is telling the truth when he relates during the December interview that he saw only 11 one single attacker in the bedroom the night of the 12 murders? 13 Yes. 14 Do you think that he is telling the truth when he says 15 that he saw one single attacker the night of the murders 16 with bushy hair in the bedroom? 17 I'm not sure. 18 So it's the busy hair that causes you some concern? Q 19 That's correct. 20 Can you tell us on what you base the foundation of your 21 opinion that the bushy hair aspect may be questionable. 22 Well, as in the end of the tape, when he said that the 23 24 25

man was leaning over and it was quite dark and he couldn't be sure, and then he spoke of having seen a picture of Kevin Cooper from my understanding of what he said,

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I could not be sure that he had not incorporated the bushy hair into his mind because of seeing the pictures.

- Q Well, isn't it just as possible that this is just his recollection, he saw the bushy hair?
- 5 A It is.
- 6 Q Is there anything unusual about an individual who has
 7 lived through the kind of trauma that Josh lived through
 8 developing a recovering recollection over a period of
 9 time?
- 10 A No.
- So that if, for example, the individual right after the attack has a very limited recollection, it is possible that after a period of time they will recover that recollection of the incident?
- 15 A. That's correct.
- 16 Q Did you see that in Josh's case?
- 17 A. Not entirely. May I answer? Some of the statements,
 18 when I questioned him, he had brought up some material
 19 that he did not confirm then, so he had forgotten some
 20 already.
- 21 Q Such as -- can you give us an illustration?
- 22 A Yes. That his mother had yelled to him to try and go
 23 hide, and then he did not say that again. He had
 24 forgotten that.
- 25 Q During the December conversation that you supplied the tape to us on?

1 A That's correct.

Q During the testimony that you gave at the custody proceedings, you described the fact that Josh had been told by his mother to hide.

5 A That's correct.

Q In fact, that was in your initial report from September 14th, 1983?

8 A That's correct.

Q And is not present, I guess, to take it the next step in the interview of December that we have in front of us?

A That's correct.

Q Since December, has Josh brought up the statement of his mother telling him to hide again?

MR. NEGUS: Again, I think that's the -- I just, on behalf of Mr. Gendler, I wish to assert the privilege. I mean, I'm obviously interested in the answer. But I think that Mr. Gendler would be asserting a privilege as to any material in any conversations that Dr. Forbes had with Joshua on any date other than December.

THE COURT: Counsel, I'm trying to -- to honor the privilege. But on matters where consistency or inconsistency of particularized statements is at issue, I'll permit --

MR. NEGUS: Well, okay. I just --

THE COURT: -- a revelation of precisely the same thing, at the very least.

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MR. NEGUS: Well, but what I don't understand is we
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   have one non-privileged conversation on December, okay?
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   We have a whole bunch of other privileged conversations.
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   don't see how the non-privileged conversation waives the
   privileged ones.
                     And --
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            THE COURT: I think if that's clearly set forth in
6
   the rules --
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            MR. NEGUS:
                         No.
8
                        -- and in the law --
             THE COURT:
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            MR. NEGUS: But it doesn't -- I mean, the -- at least
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   that's not my reading of the Code on privilege. She has never
11
   revealed, except as in response to Mr. Kottmeier's questions
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   over protest, any of the contents of the -- of the privileged
13
   conversation.
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            THE COURT: You simply had to envision this. You
15
   simply cannot take one conversation and then have all other
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   references to that precise thing, same thing privileged.
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            MR. NEGUS: Well, I'd love to ask Dr. Forbes about --
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                         Makes no sense.
            THE COURT:
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                         -- about --
            MR. NEGUS:
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                         I will not open her up generally. I'll
            THE COURT:
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   overrule your objection to the last question.
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                         That really should be Mr. Gendler's
            MR. NEGUS:
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   objection.
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            THE COURT: Well, all right. Whoever's objection
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   it is.
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MR. NEGUS: It may have --
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THE COURT: Let's try not to get into too many of these areas, however, Mr. Kottmeier. But I will overrule, if you can remind the witness what the question was.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

- Q (BY MR. KOTTMEIER:) Dr. Forbes, since December, has Josh brought up the idea that his mother yelled to him to hide?
- 9 A. Yes.

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- 10 Q So that that is not an area of recollection that

 11 completely fell out as of some time before December?
- 12 A That's correct.
- Do you have any question as to the truthfulness of Josh's recollection that he saw his sister, Jessica, in the doorway as he approached the master bedroom?
- 16 A No.
- Any question as to the truthfulness of Josh's recollection
 when he said that in looking into the bedroom he saw
 his father off to the right side in kind of a prayerful,
 kneeling position when he first went to the bedroom?
 - A. No.

- 22 Any question of the truthfulness of Josh's recollection
 23 when he tells you in this particular interview that he
 24 went and hid?
- 25 A. No.
- 26 Q In other words, you believe that that is a truthful

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recollection on Josh's part?
          Yes.
               (No omissions.)
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- Q Do you have any questions to the truthfulness of Josh's recollection as set out in the December interview that on being inside hiding, he heard Chris Hughes running somewhere in the house yelling his name, "Josh"?
- 5 A I don't remember that.
 - Q Do you have any question regarding the truthfulness of Josh's recollection that he came out of hiding and returned to the master bedroom area?
- 9 A I'm sorry. Repeat.
- 10 Q Do you have any question regarding the truthfulness of
 11 Josh's recollection that on coming out of hiding, he
 12 returned to the master bedroom area?
- 13 A NO.
- 14 Q Saw Jessica again?
- 15 A Correct.
- 16 | Q Saw his father?
- 17 A Yes.
- 18 O Saw his mother?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Saw Chris?
- 21 A Yes.
- Q And then was in some way incapacitated to where he didn't know what happened?
 - A Yes.

24

25 Q As far as you're concerned, those are truthful, accurate recollections of Josh Ryen?

A That's correct.

Q Have you done anything to assist in preparing Joshua Ryen to testify in a criminal court case?

MR. NEGUS: Again I believe that's privileged, and I just -- on behalf of Mr. Gendler, I feel honor bound to assert the privilege.

THE COURT: Well, that's an odd situation where you can bring it up in your examination and won't permit the district attorney --

MR. NEGUS: I did not bring it up in my examination of Dr. Forbes.

THE COURT: You brought it up with the other witness.

MR. NEGUS: But that's -- but the other witness is

not subject to a privilege, Judge. I mean --

MR. KOTTMEIER: Your Honor, I thought the reason we closed the hearing is to try and honor the agreement we had with Mr. Gendler. I would submit to the Court that Mr. Gendler, as well as Mike Bidart, as well as all the other attorneys have cooperated with us in an effort to try and get as much information out as would be helpful to the Court in making a decision on the issue. I do not think it is an effort on their part to throw up roadblocks at convenient locations along the testimony, so that we have no one here other than parties that literally have read the transcript from custody proceedings. We have copies of that. We have copies of Dr. Forbes' report. We have copies of

lla

the taped interview of December. I am not asking the specifics of what treatment she has given, the conversation, the specific efforts that she's made. I'm just trying to get at what was raised with Dr. Howell and to find out who, if anyone, has asked her or requested that this kind of trial preparation be done.

THE COURT: Does the privilege even apply to that?

MR. NEGUS: He's asking her about the course of her —
her treatment of Josh Ryen. I feel honor bound to Mr. Gendler
who's not here to object to raise the privilege.

THE COURT: Without getting into at least at the moment the course of her treatment, you can go directly to who made such requests or gave her the parameters of her instructions, if you want.

MR. KOTTMEIER: If any.

THE COURT: If any.

MR. KOTTMEIER: That was the foundational question.

I'm not sure she's been given --

THE COURT: Let's go to that first, if you might, without going into her treatment directly.

- Q BY MR. KOTTMEIER: Dr. Forbes, do you understand the request that we have made?
- A Yes.
- Q Has there been a request to in some way prepare Josh for criminal trial testimony, should such be the case?
- A No.

THE COURT: Did Josh testify, to your knowledge, in the guardianship proceeding?

MR. NEGUS: He did not.

THE WITNESS: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

Counsel, they have had further hearings on that within the last month, have they not?

MR. NEGUS: No. The next hearing is scheduled for September 17. I believe Judge Schaefer was on vacation at the time of the -- it was scheduled to have the hearing, and there was a postponement.

MR. KOTTMEIER: It's a scheduled three-day hearing,
I believe, with a decision due on the 19th.

THE COURT: Go ahead.

Q BY MR. KOTTMEIER: Dr. Forbes, other than the fact that Josh would have to recall the facts of the tragedy that occurred when his parents, friend and sister were killed, other than that normal difficulty of recounting those kinds of recollections, is there anything else that would adversely prevent Josh from testifying truthfully in a criminal case?

A No.

MR. KOTTMEIER: I have nothing further, Your Honor.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. NEGUS:

I'm asking you to assume some hypothetical facts. If, for example, Josh had seen Kevin Cooper's picture on the television screen in -- when he was in the hospital and told the person who he was playing cards with he didn't do it, it was three Mexicans, would that be consistent with him having fantasized about having seen a person with bushy hair in his -- in his parents' bedroom?

A Well, it could be.

- Q What do you mean by that?
- A That at the time he was asked that, he had been preoccupied with the visit of the three Mexicans to his
 home and then was felt unconscious and certainly
 suffered a lot of edema of the brain with the assault,
 and this could have altered his memory at that point
 about what happened, since the last significant memory
 that he had was about the three that he'd seen before
 they left.
- Q Could that make any of -- could that make all of his recollections about what happened during the attack capable of -- of being -- of being fabricated?
- A No.
- Q Could it make -- could it make the recollections about suspects or about the attackers capable of being fabricated?
- A Not all of it.

11b

Q If when -- if on June the 14th Josh remembered many more details than he remembered when he talked to you, and if he at that point in time, even though he remembered many more details, said he never saw his attackers, would that be consistent with him having fabricated having seen the person with bushy hair in the bedroom?

A Not necessarily.

- Q Could it, though?
- A Well, the child had said that he didn't see the face of the person, and he could have understood when questioned in terms of that, that he couldn't be sure of who hit him.
- Q If he had told his grandmother while he was in the hospital that he didn't see any shapes at all at approximately the same time as he gave that -- that conversation, he saw no shapes whatsoever, would that be consistent with him having fabricated seeing the person with bushy hair?
- A Well, it could and it couldn't be.
- Well, when -- when Joshua was talking to you in December, he told you, did he not, that at first he thought it was three Mexicans, but then he saw on the television that it was Kevin Cooper; do you recall that?
- A Yes.
- 26 Q Would that be consistent with him having fabricated having

seen a person with bushy hair?

A It would be consistent partway. The boy would still have a memory so that it wouldn't totally nullify that he'd seen somebody.

(No omissions.)

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Okay. Well, is it possible that he saw nobody as he --
as he first told the police officers and told his
grandmother?
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Yes, it's possible.

And would then the -- would then the statement that he said first that it was three Mexicans based upon them having been at the house beforehand, but then he saw it on -- saw on the television that it was Kevin Cooper, plus your understanding of him as having guilt about being the survivor and wanting to help the investigation, would that be consistent with him making himself believe that he saw a person with bushy hair in the bedroom?

It could be.

When, as -- as part -- as part of your -- the basis for your opinion that -- that -- that Joshua could have fabricated having seen a person with bushy hair, did you consider the statement to you by Richard Ryen that at the time Kevin Cooper was arrested Josh said to Richard Ryen, "Are you sure they have the right guy," do you remember that statement being -- first of all, do you remember that statement?

A Yes, I do.

And would that be consistent -- would that type of statement be consistent with Josh having fabricated later having seen a person with bushy hair?

A Well, it could be.

Does Josh's guilt, trying to think of the right word,
focus around the fact that he believes he hid during
the attack?

A Yes, I believe I wrote that.

- Because of the guilt, is he more likely to feel the kind of stress that will result in fabrication about the -around the details concerning his hiding, what he -- what happened to him just before -- before he hid?
- A Probably.

- Normally with a small child, is the small child's recollections, first recollections, more likely to be accurate than later ones after they have suffered an incredible trauma like this one?
- Yes, assuming that there had been not so massive an injury to the boy himself and to his head.
- If on June the 14th Joshua for well over an hour methodically and spontaneously went through step by step all the events that occurred at the time of the attack, would that have been inconsistent with the way he described them with you?

MR. KOTTMEIER: Objection, Your Honor. Calls for a conclusion. I'm not sure the doctor has had the benefit of knowing specifically what Mr. Negus is referring to as far as methodical development of a step by step process.

THE COURT: Do you understand the question, doctor?

THE WITNESS: Well, I believe --

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THE COURT: Is it intelligible to you?
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             THE WITNESS: Yes.
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             THE COURT: Can you answer the question?
             THE WITNESS: No. I've forgotten it. I'm sorry.
 5
             THE COURT: I'm going to overrule the objection,
 6
    provided she can answer it, sir.
 7
         (BY MR. NEGUS:) Asking hypothetically if Josh -- in --
         if on June the 14th Josh for well over an hour without
 8
         evasion gave step by step methodical answers to questions
 9
         about how the crime occurred, would that have been
10
         inconsistent with the way he answered the questions
11
         that you were putting to him in December?
12
         Yes.
13
         In December, did you see evidence that -- you said you
14
        saw evidence that he was trying to block the thing out.
15
        Does -- can that blocking, that process of blocking
16
        produce distortions?
17
        Yes.
18
        If he were methodical, spontaneous and didn't block in --
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        in June the 14th, is his memory at that time more
20
        likely to be accurate?
21
        That's very difficult for me to answer because of I know
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that -- that he was injured himself badly enough so that

he could have -- even though they are methodical, I have

seen children recite things that didn't occur exactly

the way they had happened.

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          But if that's - okay. But I'm asking you, though,
  2
          taking his -- taking hypothetically that kind of behavior
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          on June the 14th -- well, let me back up. Does it -- does
          it sometimes take a period of time for the post-traumatic
  5
          stress syndrome to develop?
 6
         Yes.
 7
         And is -- does it usually manifest itself, say, by six
         months after the crime?
 8
         Usually.
                 And in Josh's case, it definitely had?
 10
         Okay.
11
         Yes.
                Is Josh's remembrance of things more likely to
12
         Okay.
         be accurate before the onset of the syndrome than after
13
         it?
14
         I would, since in the -- can I explain?
15
         Sure.
16
         Since in the development of the post-traumatic stress
17
         disorder there are by definition usually severe nightmares
18
         that recall the events, and fears develop that -- that react
19
         in response to the thing that happened, and those things
20
         that are repetitiously brought over would be significant
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         in their consistency and might be more valid than what
22
        was remembered initially.
23
        Well, does the child's memory of his nightmares sometimes
24
        get substituted for reality?
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Yes, it does.

1 And in a situation such as this, where there is -- where 2 Joshua was subject to television coverage concerning 3 Kevin Cooper, is he likely to want to integrate that television coverage into his own memory? 5 I believe so. 6 And that could be accomplished by -- by making himself 7 believe that he saw somebody, a -- a shape consistent 8 with Kevin Cooper's in the bedroom? Is that one way it 9 could happen, that he could sort of integrate that -that -- that piece of information into his own memory? 10 Except that I don't believe he's ever said that he 11 thought it was Kevin Cooper. 12 Well, he said it was a bushy haired person, right? 13 He said that it was a person, that it was one individual. 14 To my knowledge, he's not always said that it was bushy. 15 He said that he couldn't see. 16 Had you been able to see Josh during the time that he 17 was going from not having seen anybody in the room until 18 having seen one person in the room in his memory, would 19 you have been better able to evaluate whether he was 20 accurate than you are now? 21 As you have been able to see him from August, when 22 he wasn't this way, until October, when he was, would 23 you be better able to evaluate whether it's recollection 24 or fabrication? 25

Well, all things being equal, I believe so.

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1 Q And as it is now, you can't tell one way or the t'other
2 for sure?
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3 A. That's correct.

- When -- is it possible, given Josh's -- Josh's condition and the bump on his head, the various traumas that he received, that he could have likewise in his mind jumbled up, for example, when he saw his mother lying in a certain position?
- 9 A It's possible, though I know of no instance that he has -
 - Q Okay. Well, if -- is it -- is it inconsistent with what -- with -- would you be able to rule out a -- a hypothesis that Josh has really no memory of what happened during the attack, that he can remember what he saw when he regained consciousness when it was getting light?
 - A. I wouldn't be able to totally rule that out.
 - Q Okay. Would -- I mean, realizing that other possibilities exist, too, would a statement by Joshua -- well, if you knew -- if you were to know that the -- that the crime occurred no later than, say, one o'clock in the morning and Joshua's description of -- of seeing things were as it was getting light, would that be consistent with him having come up with his memories and he's lying in shock after the attack rather than his memories being fresh ones of the attack?

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No, if I can qualify that.
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   Q
         Sure.
         In that he very specifically, when I questioned him,
 3
         talked about his father being in the praying kind of
         position, and he said that -- described that both before
 5
         he was attacked and after.
 6
              (No omissions.)
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Okay, but is it possible that Josh sort of telescoped two memories together?

A Well, that's possible.

- And if his memory of his father being in the praying position is at a time when it's just starting to get light, that's when he remembers -- if he describes seeing him both -- both times, before and after when it's just starting to get light outside, would that be consistent with him having gotten that memory as he was recovering consciousness in the morning rather than during the attack?
- I don't -- I don't -- I guess I don't understand what you're saying.
- Okay. Josh in his statements to you mentions that it was just getting light. It was dark, but it was just getting light when he saw these things happen. Do you recall him saying that?
- Yes. Α
- Assume that in fact the attack took place in the middle Q of the night at 1:00 o'clock in the morning when it was not just getting light outside. Would then Josh's giving a description of the attack, would this dimension of it just being light be consistent with him having sort of read back from his recovering consciousness memories into the attack?
- Well, it would, except that he also said that it was

dark and that he couldn't see exactly. He said both things.

- Q Right. He said dark and he couldn't see. Then he said he saw his father when it was just getting light?
- A Yes.

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- Q Do what I'm asking you is his description of seeing his father, would that be -- would that be possible that that -- that that is something, his seeing of his father is something he read back into the attack?
- A It's possible.
- Q That's all I'm asking.

Thank you. I have nothing further.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. KOTTMEIER:

- Q Dr. Forbes, when you say "possible," that should not be confused with "probable"; is that correct?
- A That's correct.
- Now, in a hypothetical offered to you by Mr. Negus, you were asked to assume on June 14 a methodical, spontaneous, non-blocking one-hour conversation. Did you have a chance to look at the hospital records of the conversation according to Dr. Hoyle that took place on June 14?
- A I did.
- 26 Q Did you notice within those particular records specific

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1		instances of blocking that Dr. Hoyle made reference to
2		such as pulling the stocking cap down over his face?
3	A	Yes.
4	Q	Can you recall other instances of blocking from that
5		particular notation by Dr. Hoyle?
6	A	I can't remember others, but I do remember that Dr. Hoyl
7		made the notations that he thought they were blocking,
8		that he was blocking.
9	Q	In fact, Dr. Hoyle in his notations in the hospital
10		record thought this was good; is that correct?
11	A	That's correct.
12	Q	Do you have an evaluation as to whether the movement
13		that you described earlier in the December interview
14		that you call blocking was good, bad or indifferent?
15	A	I don't see it as good, bad or indifferent. It's it
16		depends on the child and the amount of injury and
17		fantasy. I couldn't say that.
18	Q	So that realistically, the movement or the pulling down
19		of one's jacket over his head does not necessarily
20		indicate that Josh is fantasizing; is that correct?
21	А	That's correct.
22	Q	Maybe that's a bad question. Pulling the jacket over
2 3		one's head is indicative of what?
24	A	In children it's indicative of an avoidance mechanism

and of something bothering him which we assume to be

incident to the questioner.

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Q In your contact with Josh, you're aware that his exposure to television relative to this case is extremely limited; isn't that true?

- A That's true.
- Q In fact, as far as you know, maybe he's seen TV which incorporated reference to the defendant maybe twice?
- A Well, he saw it also with -- at one time he stated at Mr. Ryen's.
- Q That would be Richard and Sally?
- A That's correct.
- 11 Q And one time in the hospital?
- 12 A Yes.
 - Q Do you know whether in any of that television coverage that Josh saw whether the person depicted had a bushy hairdo?
 - A I would have to go over my notes, but I believe that that -- that that was the case.
 - Q In your conversations with Josh, have you noticed a difference between the facts that he observed, that is, what went on that night, what he saw and what he describes to you, and the difficulty of trying to assess the identity of the person responsible for the killings, person or persons?
- 24 A Yes.
 - Q Do you find that Josh has little or no difficulty relating the facts of his observations the night that

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his parents were killed?

- A With the exception of the bushy harr as I've mentioned previously.
 - Q Where difficulty occurs is when he tries to take that next step and identify the particular person or persons who did the killing of his sister, his father, his mother and his friend and attacked him?
- A That's correct.
 - Q In fact, in your contact with Josh, you formed the opinion that he's a very honest young man; isn't that true?
- 12 A Yes.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Nothing further, Your Honor.

FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. NEGUS:

- Q Being a very honest young man would not be inconsistent, though, with fabricating on certain issues; is that correct?
- 20 A No, in terms of fantasy.
 - Q All right. He wouldn't -- if Josh were to fabricate, he wouldn't do it deliberately for some malicious motive, but just because that's the way people respond to stress?
- 25 A Yes.
 - Q Showing you Exhibit H-2, are these the notes of Dr. Hoyle

from the interview that you had reference to or a xerox copy of them?

- I believe so. Α
- And those were provided to you by Mrs. -- Dr. Howell's attorneys that they received in discovery from Dr. Hoyle?
- Yes.

MR. NEGUS: Thank you.

I have nothing further.

MR. KOTTMEIER: May I examine the exhibit, Your Honor?

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FURTHER RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. KOTTMEIER:

- In addition to Exhibit H-2, did you examine the more lengthy compilation of Loma Linda Hospital notes prior to your conversation in December with Josh?
- Α Yes.
 - And can you recall whether it was in that more lengthy compilation of notes or these notes in H-2 that you saw the blocking that was described by Dr. Hoyle?
 - No, I can't.

MR. KOTTMEIER: I have nothing further, Your Honor.

MR. NEGUS: Nothing further.

THE COURT: Ma'am, forgive me, but I want to ask

you a few questions, as long as I've got you, Doctor. 24

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EXAMINATION

BY THE COURT:

- Q Let me see if I understand what the boy told you. Did
 he tell you that the first thing that happened to him
 right before he was struck was that he was grabbed around
 the neck? After the hiding and the voices and the
 screaming and Chris and all of this, when he went back
 into the bedroom, did he tell you that he was grabbed
 around the neck?
- A I don't remember him saying he was grabbed around the neck, merely that he was gone.
- Q Merely what?
- A That he was gone, meaning that he lost consciousness.
- Q Did he at any time tell you when he saw this bushy-haired man in connection with the events that happened to him?
 - A Yes.
- 17 0 When?
 - A He said that he went in the room twice and that the first time he went in, he went in because he heard his mother screaming, and when he went in, he saw this person who was bent over. He could only see the back.
 - Q Okay. So he saw it the first time?
- 23 A Yes.
 - Q Then when he went back the second time, he didn't tell you that he saw a person then?
 - A No; that's correct.

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MR. KOTTMEIER: Maybe just to clarify one portion of your last question, Your Honor. FURTHER RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. KOTTMEIER: He did see all of the people such as Jessica, his mother, his father and Chris within the bedroom when he went back in the second time? Oh, yes. But he saw no strangers other than the four that we just mentioned? That's correct. THE COURT: Mr. Negus? MR. NEGUS: Nothing further. THE COURT: Doctor, thank you very much. Apparently you came on short notice today. We appreciate it.

THE COURT: Okay. That's all I have.

Anything else?

Counsel, I am going to take a recess, at which time the two of you can perhaps -- the three of you can get together on a settled transcript for me.

MR. NEGUS: I think we're probably going to have to listen to a tape to do that. We have some other stuff here that hopefully we can agree on submitting to you, but I am not sure of that yet. I have to talk.

THE COURT: Let the reporter by.

MR. NEGUS: Oh, excuse me.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Our difficulty, Your Honor, maybe it might help by way of explanation, is that what Mr. Negus' discussing is the -- some of the reports and transcripts and depositions of Dr. Forbes, Dr. Hoyle, also I believe Richard and Sally Ryen, and the problem is that there's so much material there that, at least as far as I view it, is extraneous that I've asked Mr. Negus to limit it down to the pages that he thinks are relevant.

(No omissions.)

THE COURT: I'll take what's presented to me by way of a stipulation. I don't see there's any question for me at the moment.

MR. NEGUS: Perhaps we could --

THE COURT: The question that I have remaining is when we're going to meet again.

MR. NEGUS: Okay. I'll have -- I would request we -- what we could do is, if it's all right with you, is we should get all the documents ready to proceed to you first thing tomorrow morning, and then -- 9:30, and then at that point in time I can tell you what my prognosis is as far as whether I'm going to have further witnesses and, if so, when they would be available.

THE COURT: Okay, gentlemen? All right.

MR. KOTTMEIER: Fine.

THE COURT: We'll leave it at that.

MR. NEGUS: Thank you for your indulgence --

THE COURT: Tomorrow at 9:30.

MR. NEGUS: -- in doing this carefully.

(Whereupon the proceedings for the day

were concluded at 2:49 p.m.)